





















## Twubakane

Contributions
to Rwanda's Results
in Decentralization
and Health

End of Project Ceremony December 18, 2009



# Rwanda Decentralization and Health Program



#### The conception...





In early 2004, the Government of Rwanda and the US Agency for International Development designed the Rwanda Decentralization and Health Project



# Rwanda Decentralization and Health Program



#### The conception...





"to increase access to and quality of comprehensive family planning/reproductive health, and child survival, malaria, and nutrition services within Rwanda's integrated minimum and complementary packages of activities at different levels of the decentralized health care and administrative systems...

fostering decentralized local government that is responsive to local needs, and promoting sustainable use of community health services"

Rwanda Decentralization and Health Project USAID Request for Applications, issued in September 2005





#### The birth...















 Bi-lateral project between: USAID/Rwanda and the Government of Rwanda

- Length of program:
   5 years, January 2005–January 2010
- Program Funding: US\$ 28,000,000+, funded by USAID











**Partners of IntraHealth:** 

RTI International, Tulane University, Engender Health, VNG, RALGA, Pro-Femmes

 Local Government of Rwanda Partners: MINALOC, MINISANTE, 12 districts of Rwanda (MINECOFIN, MIGEPROF and other ministries)



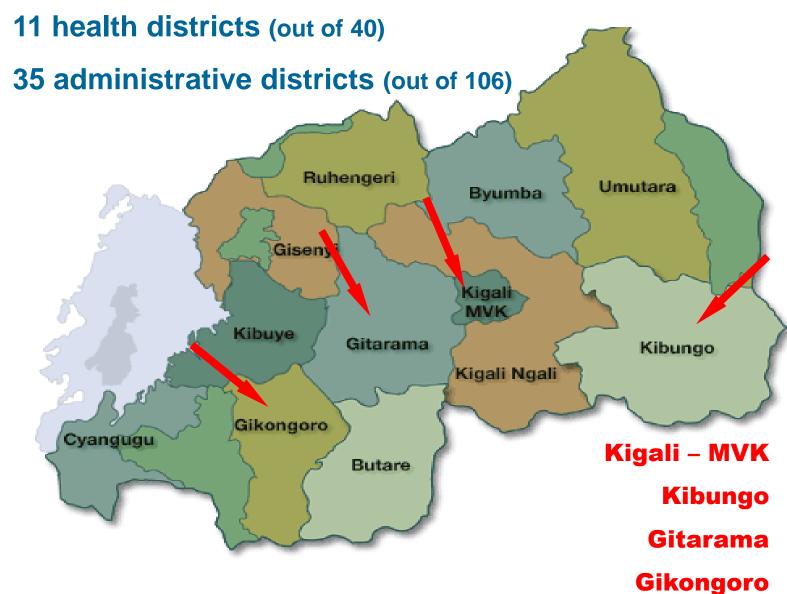
### **Twubakane Program**

in 2005











# **2<sup>nd</sup> Phase of Decentralization**







#### Started in January 2006

- 30 districts
- Locally elected mayors and directors of health
- Fiscal decentralization













**Twubakane Program** 

starting in January 2006

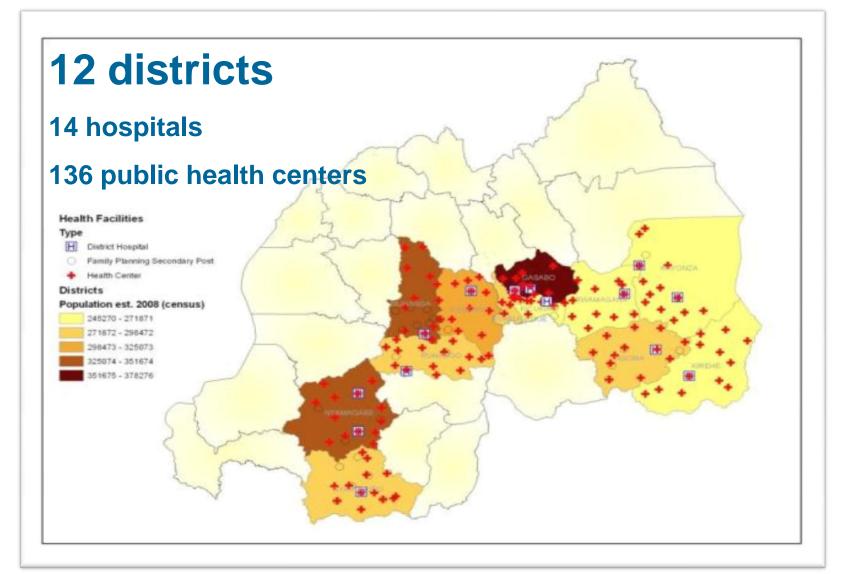
Twubakane Decentralization and Health Program







3.5 million (out of est. 9.8 million)













to increase access to, quality of, and utilization of family health services\* in health facilities and communities

by strengthening the capacity of local governments and communities to ensure improved health service delivery at decentralized levels

 package of family health services includes family planning/reproductive health and child survival/malaria and nutrition services



### **Approach**







- Close collaboration with Government of Rwanda and civil society
- Support to central level <u>and</u> decentralized levels
- Support development of <u>national</u> standardized policies, programs and materials
- Support existing structures and systems instead of creating new ones



### **Approach**







- Combination of technical and financial support
- Technical staff and field coordinators (based in district offices)
- Partnership with other development partners and respect of consultative process at all levels













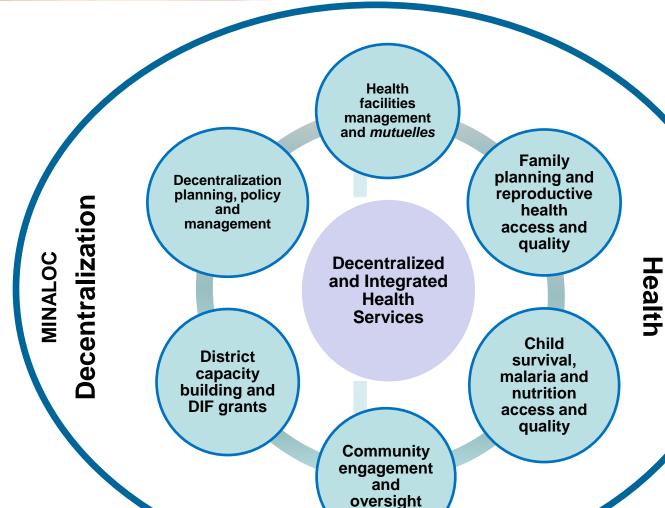
MINISANTE

Twubakane Decentralization and Health Program



















## **Key results**

in decentralization and health









- √ family planning
- ✓ safe motherhood
- ✓ gender-based violence prevention & response
- ✓ integrated management of childhood illness
- ✓ nutrition
- ✓ community-based nutrition
- ✓ health facility management
- √ mutuelles
- √ health financing
- ✓ community health
- √ quality assurance
- ✓ health sector reform

# Policy and program development

- fiscal decentralization policy and equalization formula
- district capacity-building needs assessment
- planning and budgeting manuals
- ✓ Decentralization Implementation Plan
- Rwanda Decentralization Strategic Framework
- Transparency and Accountability Framework
- management Information system framework
- √ district audit training



## Family planning



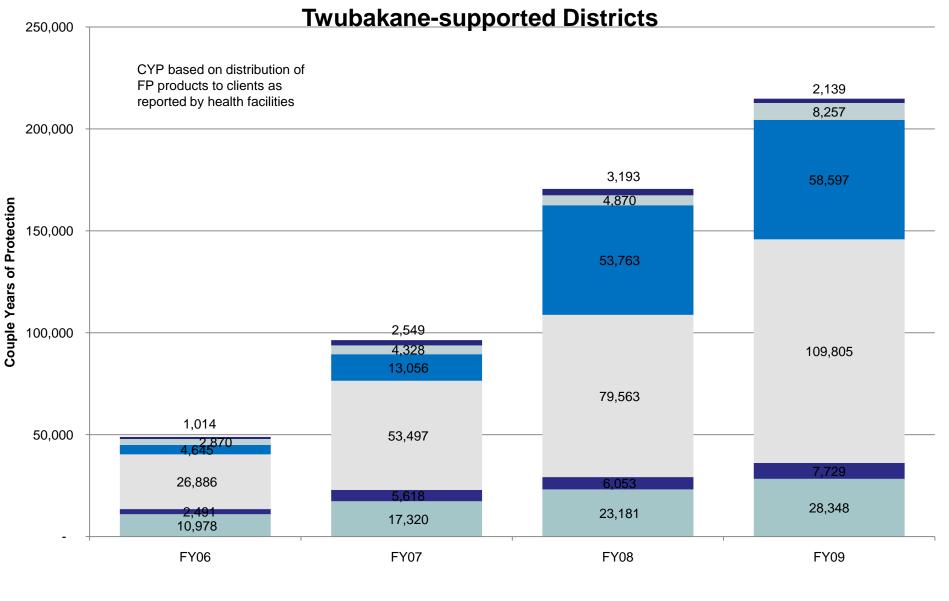




- Decentralized and on-the-job training
  - > 1258 providers trained and supported
- 31 family planning secondary posts
- Introduction of long-acting methods at health center level

<u>2005</u>	<u>2009</u>	
7% offer Implants	100% offer Implants	
1% offer IUDs	36% offer IUDs	

### Couple Years of Protection 2006—2009



■ Pill ■ Barrier ■ Depo-

Provera

■Implant
■IUD
■Cycle

beads

Source: DELIVER Project/Rwanda



#### **Maternal health**



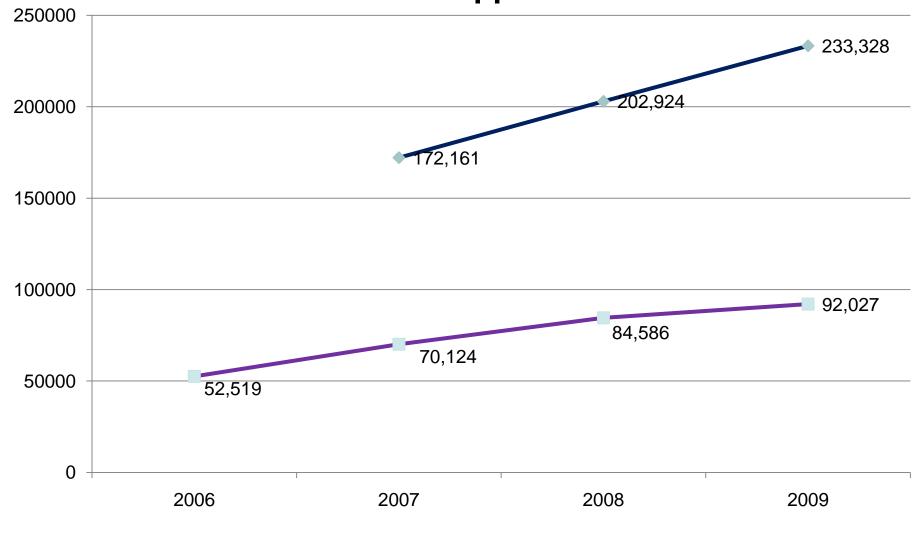




- Decentralized training in district hospitals
  - 450 providers trained and supported in safe delivery and emergency obstetrics/ neonatal care

- Prevention of post-partum hemorrhages
  - 88% of deliveries in health centers had active management of the third stage of labor (2009)

## Maternal Health Services Twubakane-supported Districts



Source: National HMIS



## **Community health**







- Community health workers supported in five districts
  - 3619 CHWs offering home-based management of malaria or community integrated management of childhood illness
    - 86,458 children under five treated for malaria fever (in 2009 alone)
- Community-based nutrition in 12 Twubakane-supported districts
  - > 861 CHWs trained and supported



# Integrated management of childhood illness







 411 health care providers trained and supported

 75% of health centers actively implementing clinical IMCI



# Community-provider partnership teams,

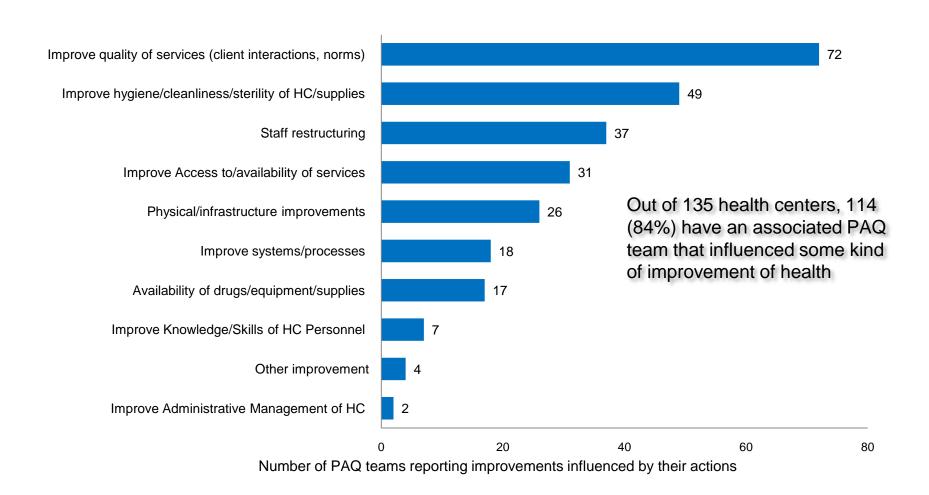
# Partenariat pour l'Amélioration de la Qualité (PAQ)



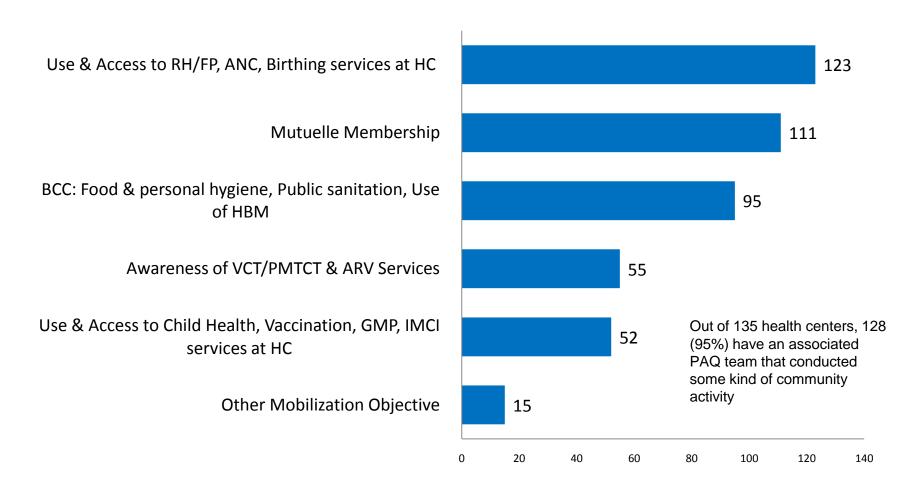


- 133 PAQ partnership teams
- 84% of health centers have PAQ team improving health services
- 94% of health centers have PAQ team supporting community mobilization

## Improvements to health services influenced by community-provider partnership (PAQ) teams



## Community mobilization activities supported by community-provider partnership (PAQ) teams



Number of PAQ community mobilization activities with these objectives



# District capacity building







- Support for transparency and anti-corruption initiatives
  - partnership with Rwanda Association of Local Government Authorities (RALGA)

- Engaging mayors and other local authorities in HEALTH
  - supporting districts with *Imihigo* and planning, budgeting and reportin



# District capacity building









#### District Incentive Fund grants program

- \$6 million in grants over five years,
   \$500,000/district
- Support improved health, and building district capacity to better plan for, budget and manage health services
- Mobilization of more resources for health
- Districts appreciate combined technical and financial support



# **District Incentive Funds & Health Infrastructure**







 DIF grants used for improvements in health facilities

Re	Renovations	
<ul> <li>Hospitals</li> </ul>	4	21
<ul> <li>Health centers</li> </ul>	27	135
<ul> <li>Health posts</li> </ul>	6	16



#### Mutuelles de santé







- Support to national mutuelles support unit
- Support to mutuelles associations to cover "indigent" population
- Consistently high rates of mutuelles coverage, averaging 70%



# Health facilities management







- Hands-on management support to mutuelles
  - 391 managers and health center staff trained and supported
- Strengthen capacity of hospitals and health centers to better manage resources
- Support for guidelines for health facility management



# Applying lessons learned







The Twubakane Program has strived to learn from, adapt to and apply lessons, responding to a rapidly changing environment to ensure sustainable results.



#### **Lessons learned**







Political commitment and leadership

Central level — key role in supporting decentralization

Districts with capacity to perform = effective decentralization



#### **Lessons learned**







Accountability and transparency = good governance

 Integration of services must be clientfocused

 Data-driven decision making leads to needs-based activities and real results









## ljisho rya mukuru ntirizinduka, riba ryagiye kureba.

A wise person's eyes do not wander. Rather they see, they study, and they search for solutions...



#### **MERCI! MURAKOZE!**







